

253101, 253102, 253103 Digital Power Meters WT2010 & WT2030



WT2030 (253103 3-phase, option added)
426 × 132 × 432 mm 10 kg (single-phase), 13 kg (3-phase, 4-wire)
(16-3/4 × 5-1/4 × 17" 22.0 lbs/28.7 lbs)



★ Safety Standards; EN61010-1, CAT II, Pollution degree 2
EMI Standard; EN55011 Group 1 Class A
Immunity Standard; EN50082-2: 1995

The WT2000 series of digital power meter has been designed with emphasis on basic performance (bandwidth, accuracy, response speed and noise immunity) from the viewpoint of measurement of electrical quantities. These instruments are power analyzers whose functions enable them to be used in various fields of applications.

FEATURES

- **Wide Bandwidth: DC, 2 Hz to 500 kHz**
Supports a wide measurement frequency range which is essential for developing and evaluating inverter-driven products. Measures DC voltage, current and power, as well as AC voltage, current from 2 Hz to 500 kHz.
(Measures AC power from 2 Hz to 300 kHz.)
- **Total Harmonic Measurement and Analysis (optional)**
By installing a harmonic analysis function, you can measure voltage, current, power and harmonic content up to the 40th harmonic in accordance with IEC1000-3-2. (The analysis range can be set between the 1st and 50th harmonic, and the window width can be varied according to the fundamental frequency.)
- **Voltage Fluctuation/Flicker Measurement Function (optional)**
You can display and print out the results of evaluation based on a comparison of the measured results and the limit values in accordance with IEC1000-3-3 (an international standard pertaining to the limit values of voltage fluctuation and flicker for equipment that has a rated input current per phase of no more than 16 A). The instrument measures direct voltage and flicker.
- **Uses Digital Sampling Technology Employing a 16 bit A/D Converter and a 32 bit High-Speed Computation DSP to Achieve an Accuracy of 0.03% and a Measuring Speed of 36 Items of data/250 ms.**
- **Excellent Noise and Common-Mode Voltage Rejection Make the WT2000 the Appropriate Power Meter for Accurate PWM Inverter Efficiency Measurements.**

- **Power Accuracy: 0.04% of rdg + 0.04% of rng**

The instrument is designed for high accuracy, permitting low power factor and reactive power measurement. The measurement error at zero power factor is as low as 0.1% of rng (45 to 66 Hz), making it suitable for inspecting transformers.

- **Built-in Printer (optional)**

By using a built-in printer, you can print the measurement values and set data. Also, when performing harmonic analysis, you can print out the measurement values in the form of a bar graph.

- **Maximum 30 A Direct Input**

The instrument can directly measure a maximum current of 30 Arms and 60 Apeak, enabling it to be used to evaluate various kinds of air conditioners and equipment that uses 3-phase motors.

- **Variable-Attenuation Filtering**

To realize quick response, one of the features of this instrument, we developed a digital filter in which the damping coefficient varies from sample to sample. Figure 1 shows the response data compared to the conventional filter. A conventional digital filter uses 2nd-order exponential averaging, which needs 40 periods of waves. The digital filter can average with just 4 periods of waves, which is one-tenth of conventional filters. Therefore it is possible to measure waveforms which contain low frequency components and high frequency components without any difficulties. The WT2000 has 20 Hz of lower limit frequency at 250ms of display update rate.

An additional feature provides a 2s display update rate with the lower limit frequency of 2 Hz. This is useful to evaluate low speed rotation of inverter motors. Data corrections of zero and full scale are carried out in the DSP. The coefficients of full scale correction are stored in EEPROM on each Input Module when it is shipped.

The instantaneous values of voltage and current through the A/D converter are multiplied after zero and full scale correction into instantaneous power value. This result is averaged by a variable damping digital filter to give active power.

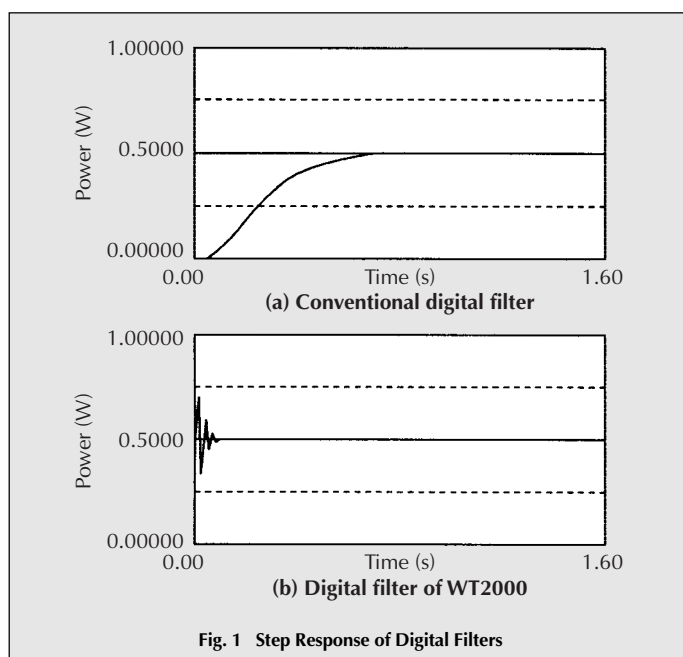


Fig. 1 Step Response of Digital Filters

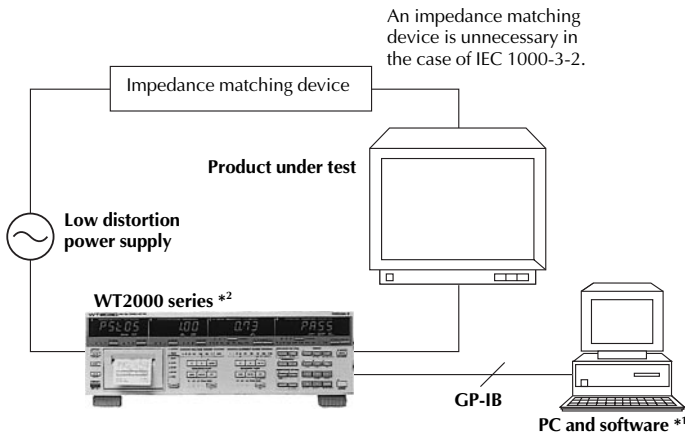
FUNCTIONS

APPLICATION TO IEC STANDARD TESTS

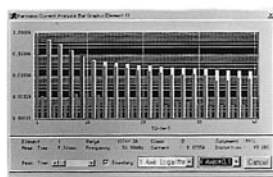
You can perform harmonic analysis (IEC1000-3-2) and measure voltage fluctuation and flicker (IEC1000-3-3).

The WT2000 series can be provided with a harmonic analysis function that conforms to IEC1000-3-2 and also a voltage fluctuation/flicker measurement function that conforms to IEC1000-3-3 (optional function), thus enabling you to combine it with a standard test instrument such as a low distortion power supply to judge whether or not a product conforms to the relevant standards. The WT2000 series can also be used individually for performing simple measurements on a test bench during product development. It exhibits its true performance in product quality control on the production line.

Harmonic Analysis System Configuration



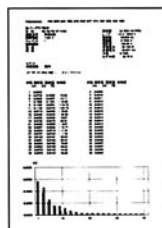
Analysis screen



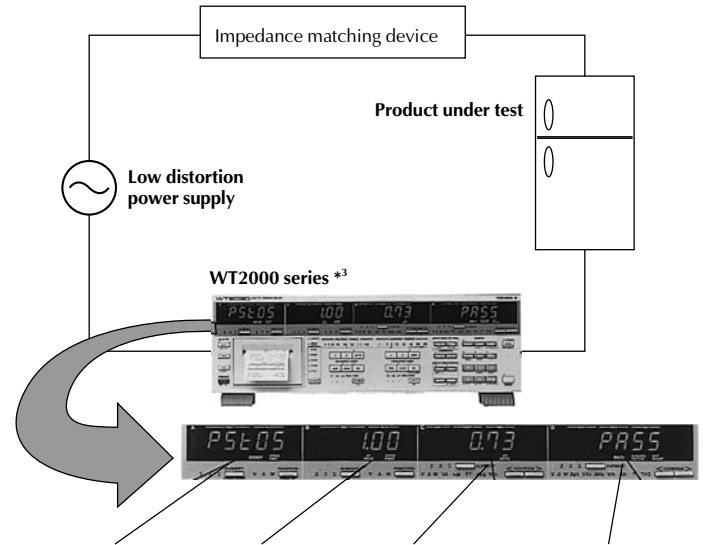
*1 The personal computer is an IBM PC/AT or compatible machine (with Windows 3.1 or Windows 95 installed).

*2 In order to perform varying harmonic measurement for 2.5 minutes, it is necessary to purchase the /HRM option.

Report

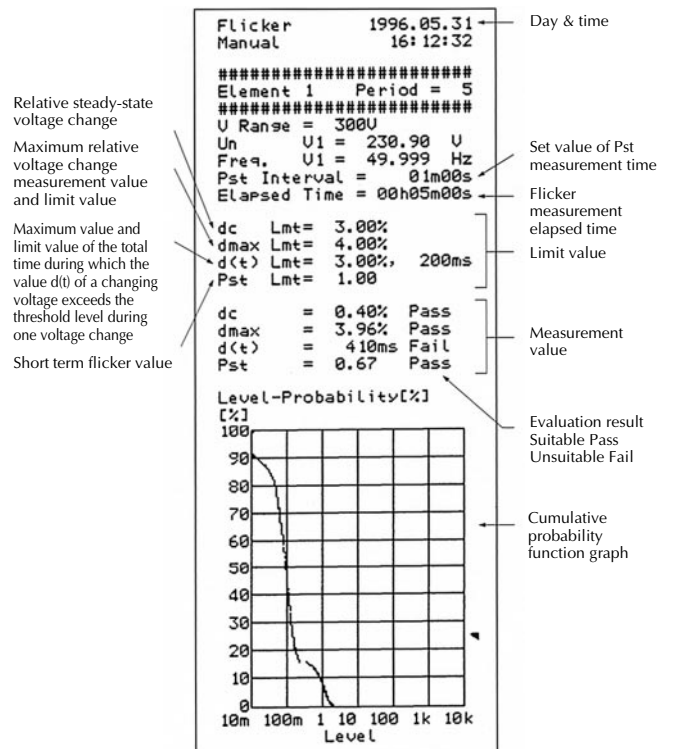


Flicker Measurement System Configuration



DISPLAY A	DISPLAY B	DISPLAY C	DISPLAY D
Rated voltage U_n	—	Rated voltage	Rated voltage/frequency
Relative steady-state Voltage change d_c	Limit value	Maximum value up to the present/Maximum value in the one observation term	Elapsed time/Evaluation result
Maximum relative voltage change d_{max}	Limit value	Maximum value up to the present/Maximum value in the one observation term	Elapsed time/Evaluation result
Total time during which the value $d(t)$ of a changing voltage exceeds the threshold level value during one voltage change	Limit value	Maximum value up to the present/Maximum value in the one observation term	Elapsed time/Evaluation result
Short term flicker value P_{st}	Limit value	Calculation result	Elapsed time/Evaluation result
Long term flicker value P_{st}	Limit value	Calculation result	Elapsed time/Evaluation result
Overall evaluation result	Limit value	Overall evaluation result	Elapsed time

Cumulative probability function graph



*3 Option/FL is needed for the execution of flicker measurements.

DIGITAL POWER METERS

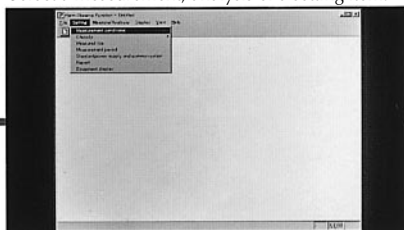


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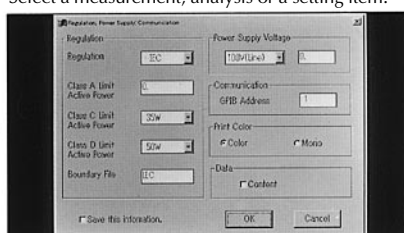
■ HARMONIC ANALYSIS SOFTWARE IN A PC

● Display Window Examples (Windows Ver.3.1 or Windows 95)

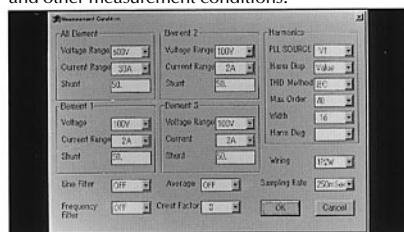
<Menu>
Select a measurement, analysis or a setting item.



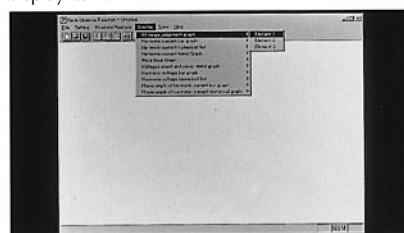
<Environment Setting>
Select a measurement, analysis or a setting item.



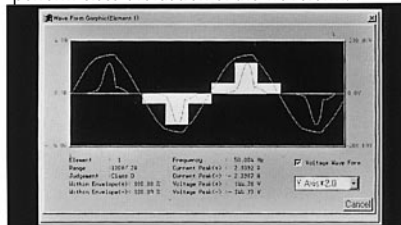
<Measurement Conditions>
Set the WT2000 main unit range, sampling rate and other measurement conditions.



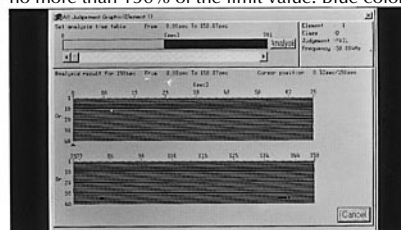
<Display Menu>
Select the analysis result or measurement result display item.



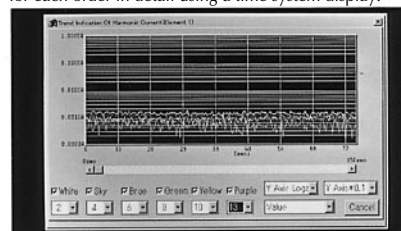
<Waveform Display>
Display the input signal (voltage or current) and perform class evaluation of the waveform.



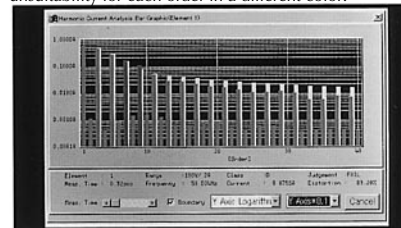
<All Judgment Display>
You can check the suitable/unsuitable evaluation for each order using a time system display.
Suitable: Green display, Unsuitable: Red display, Not applicable: Background color
If the time during which the limit value is exceeded is at least 10% of the measurement time and also the harmonic current is at least 100% but no more than 150% of the limit value: Blue color



<Fluctuating Harmonic Display>
You can check the change in the harmonic current level for each order in detail using a time system display.



<Bargraph/Tabular Display>
You can check the analysis results using a bar graph and digital values at arbitrary points in time (approx. every 0.3 second). Also, you can display suitability or unsuitability for each order in a different color.



● Harmonic Current Analysis Software in a PC

• Operation environment

WT product : 2531 0□-C1-□-□/HRM
WT2010/WT2030 with GP-IB interface and /HRM option
PC and peripheral equipment : An IBM/AT or compatible machine (Windows or Windows 95 installed) with a usable RAM memory of at least 8 Mbyte and a hard disk with at least 2 M byte available are necessary.
The memory size of hard disk depends on measuring period. The machine which CPU clock is higher than 90 MHz and seeking-time of HDD is less than 12 msec is recommended.
GP-IB board:
AT-GPIB/IEEE-488.2 or AT-GPIB/TNT/IEEE-488.2 made by National Instruments.

• Functions

- Waveform display (current/voltage)
- Harmonic current analysis (1st order to 40th order)
- Analysis result display (graph/numerical values)
- Automatic class judgment
- Automatic suitable/unsuitable judgment
- Printer output support: ESC/P
- Data file conversion: Lotus 1-2-3 format
- WT main unit control (modification of range, etc.)

Order	Value	Boundary	Over	Order	Value	Boundary	Over
[A]	[A]	[A]	[A]	[A]	[A]	[A]	[A]
1	0.6533			2	0.0011		
3	0.4641	0.2241	0.00	4	0.0025		
5	0.2785	0.2020	0.00	6	0.0026		
7	0.1305	0.1542	100.00	8	0.0014		
9	0.1212	0.0771	100.00	10	0.0015		
11	0.0495	0.0240	0.00	12	0.0012		
13	0.0276	0.0407	0.00	14	0.0017		
15	0.0279	0.0206	0.00	16	0.0026		
17	0.0280	0.0249	0.00	18	0.0029		
19	0.0181	0.0212	0.00	20	0.0029		
21	0.0160	0.0203	0.00	22	0.0029		
23	0.0137	0.0206	0.00	24	0.0024		
25	0.0106	0.0237	0.00	26	0.0036		
27	0.0109	0.0229	0.00	28	0.0036		
29	0.0120	0.0225	0.00	30	0.0025		
31	0.0105	0.0191	0.00	32	0.0034		
33	0.0021	0.0180	0.00	34	0.0034		
35	0.0021	0.0170	0.00	36	0.0025		
37	0.0076	0.0162	0.00	38	0.0025		
39	0.0072	0.0152	0.00	40	0.0034		

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SPECIFICATIONS

Input

Item	VoltageV	CurrentA
Input circuit type	Floating input Resistive voltage divider	Shunt input
Rated inputs (range rms)	10/15/30/60/100/150/ 300/600 V	Direct input 1/2/5/10/20/30 A External shunt input: 50/100/200 mV
Input impedance	Input resistance Approx. 2 MΩ Input capacitance Approx. 15 pF	Direct input: Approx. 6 mΩ + approx. 0.07 μH External shunt input: Approx. 100 kΩ
Frequency range	DC and 2 Hz to 500 kHz	
Instantaneous maximum allowable input for 1s	The peak voltage is 2500 V, or the RMS value is 3 times the range, whichever is less.	The peak current is 90 A, or the RMS value is 50 A, whichever is less. External input: The peak value is 20 times the range or less.
Continuous maximum allowable input	The peak voltage is 1400 V, or the RMS value is 2.5 times the range, whichever is less.	The peak current is 60 A, or the RMS value is 35 A, whichever is less. External input: The peak value is 10 times the range or less.
Continuous maximum common mode voltage	600 Vms (when the protective cover for the output connector is used) CAT II 400 Vms (when the protective cover for the output connector is removed) CATII	
Common mode rejection ratio at 600 Vrms between input terminals and case (50/60 Hz input)	Voltage input terminals shorted, current input terminals opened: Better than -80 dB (±0.01% of rdg or less)	
Input terminals	Binding posts	Large binding posts External shunt input: BNC
A/D converter	Simultaneous conversion of voltage and current inputs Resolution: 16 bits Maximum conversion rate: 104 kHz	
Overload input detection	Alarm lamp lights at approx. 350% of the input range (approx. 700% of range when crest factor is 6)	
Range switching	The range can be switched manually, automatically, or by communication control for each element.	
Auto range switching	Range up: When the measured value exceeds 110% of the rated value, or when the peak value exceeds 350% of the peak value. Range down: When the measured value becomes less than 30% of the rated value.	
Measurement mode switching	The mode can be set for each element and also for each voltage and current measurement circuit.	

Display Functions

Display: 7-segment LED (light emitting diode)
Display contents: 4 displays

DISPLAY	Display contents	Display resolution
A	V, A, W (each element)	V, A, W: 50000 Wh, Ah: 500000 Hz: 199999
B	V, A, W (each element)	
C	V, A, W, VA, var, PF, deg, Vpk (each element)	
D	V, A, W, Apk, THD*, VHz, AHz Wh, Ah (each element), η (efficiency)	

Unit: m, k, M, V, A, W, VA, var, pk, Hz, h, deg, %
Display update rate: Select from 0.25 sec (FAST), 0.5 sec (MID) and 2.0 sec (SLOW).
Peak hold function: Selectable to hold item as follows
PEAK: Vpk and Apk can be held at maximum value
ALL: Measurement value of V, A, W, VA, var, Vpk, Apk can be held at maximum value.
Response time: Maximum of twice the display update rate
(The time taken for the display to fall within the accuracy of the final value when the filter is OFF and an abrupt change is made from 0 to 100% of the range, or from 100 to 0% of the range)
Display scaling function
Significant digits: Selected automatically according to the significant digits in the voltage and current range.
Setting range: 0.0001 to 10000
Set values: "DISPLAY A": Not displayed
"DISPLAY B": PT ratio
"DISPLAY C": CT ratio
"DISPLAY D": Power scaling factor

Display averaging function

Method: One of the following two types can be selected.
Exponential averaging
Moving averaging
For exponential averaging, the attenuation Constant can be selected, and for moving averaging, the average number, N, can be set to 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 or 256.
For harmonic mark measurements
For exponential averaging the attenuator Constant is 5.625 when the frequency of the PLL sync source is 55 Hz or more but less than 66 Hz, and is 4.085 in other cases.
(when data length = 8192)

MATH function

Algorithm: Display D, when selecting the efficiency function η, will show the efficiency. In addition it is possible to show the result of Display A +, -, / or × Display B on Display D.

Accuracy

Item	Voltage/current	Power
Conditions Humidity 30 to 75% RH Supply voltage Specified V±5% Input waveform Sine wave In-phase voltage 0 V Power factor Cos φ = 1 Line filter OFF Crest factor 3 Scaling OFF 6-month accuracy The unit of f in the accuracy calculation formula is kHz	Temperature 23±3°C except 600V, 100/20A/ 30A rang Temperature 23±5°C DC: ±(0.04% of rdg+0.08% of rng) 2 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz ±(0.1% of rdg + 0.2% of rng) 30 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz ±(0.03% of rdg+0.05% of rng) 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz ±(0.02 × f% of rdg+0.1% of rng) 10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz ±[0.018 × (f-10) % of rdg+ 0.3% of rng] 50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz ±[0.03 × (f-50) % of rdg+ 1.0% of rng] 100 kHz < f ≤ 500 kHz ±[0.035 × (f-100) % of rdg+ 2.5% of rng] 2 Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz and more than 200 kHz is the design value. If the display update rate is 10 Hz or more -> MID If the display update is 2 Hz or more -> SLOW	45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz ±(0.03% of rdg+0.03% of rng) 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz ±(0.04% of rdg+0.04% of rng) DC: ±(0.08% of rdg+0.12% of rng) 2 Hz ≤ f < 30 Hz ±(0.2% of rdg + 0.5% of rng) 30 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz ±(0.05% of rdg+0.05% of rng) 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz ±(0.05 × f% of rdg+0.2% of rng) 10 kHz < f ≤ 50 kHz ±[0.045 × (f-10)% of rdg+ 0.7% of rng] 50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz ±[0.05 × (f-50)% of rdg+ 2.5% of rng] 100 kHz < f < 300 kHz ±[0.11 × (f-100)% of rdg+ 5.0% of rng] 2 Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz and more than 200 kHz is the design value. If the display update rate is 10 Hz or more -> MID If the display update is 2 Hz or more -> SLOW
Effect of power factor	—	When cos φ = 0 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz Add±0.1% of rng 66 Hz < f ≤ 440 Hz Add±0.15% of rng Reference data: 300 kHz max Add (0.15 + 0.15 × f) of rng Indication error when 1 > cos φ > 0 Add a value equal to the product of the effect on cos φ = 0 and tan φ (φ is the phase angle between the voltage and current).
Effective input range	Between 10 and 110% of the rated input value (The accuracy when the input is between 110 and 130% is 1.5 times the read value error.)	
Accuracy at CF set to 6	1.5 times the range error of a crest factor of 3 (accuracy when the above temperature is 23±5°C)	
Temperature coefficient	±0.02% of rag/°C between 5 and 18°C and between 28 and 40°C	
Data update rate	0.25 s, 0.5 s, 2.0 s	
Line filter function	Measurement can be performed with low pass filters inserted into the input circuit and the frequency measurement circuit. A cutoff frequency (fc) can be selected from 500 Hz and 5.5 kHz.	
Accuracy when the line filter is ON	For fc/10 or less: Add±1% of rng when the filter is OFF.	For fc/10 or less: Add±2% of rng when the filter is OFF.
One year's accuracy	Reading error for 6 months multiplied by 1.5.	
Detection range of leading phase/lagging phase	±5 deg (20 Hz to 10 kHz) for sinusoidal voltage and current inputs, crest factor of 3, and at least 50% of range rating	
Measurement lower limit frequency	Display update rate: Measurement lower limit frequency 250 ms 20 Hz or higher 500 ms 10 Hz or higher 2 sec 2 Hz or higher	

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Frequency Measurement Function

Measurement input:	V1, V2, V3, A1, A2, A3
Measurement method:	Reciprocal method
Measurement frequency range:	Depends upon the display update rate as shown below (auto range). 250 ms: 2 k/20 k/200 k/1000 kHz 500 ms: 200/2 k/20 k/200 k/500 kHz 25: 20/200/2 k/20 k/100 kHz
Maximum display:	199999 250 ms: 18.00 Hz 500 ms: 9.000 Hz 25: 18000 Hz
Accuracy:	±0.05% of rdg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When the voltage and current are both at least 30% of the range rating When the crest factor is 3 and the frequency is at least 20% of the minimum frequency range For 200 Hz or less, when the filter is ON

Computing Functions

	Active Power (W)	Apparent Power (VA)	Reactive Power (var)	Power Factor (PF)	Phase Angle (deg)
Calculation formula	Single phase, 2-wire W	$VA = V \times A$	$\sqrt{(VA)^2 - W^2}$	$\frac{W}{VA}$	$\cos^{-1}(\frac{W}{VA})$
	Single phase, 3-wire W_i $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma W = W_1 + W_3$	$VA_i = V_i \times A_i$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma VA = VA_1 + VA_3$	$var_i = \sqrt{(VA_i)^2 - W_i^2}$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma var = var_1 + var_3$	$PF_i = \frac{W_i}{VA_i}$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma PF = \frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA}$	$\phi_i = \cos^{-1}(\frac{W_i}{VA_i})$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma \phi = \cos^{-1}(\frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA})$
	3-phase 3-wire (2 voltages, 2 currents) W_i $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma W = W_1 + W_3$	$VA_i = V_i \times A_i$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma VA = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (VA_1 + VA_3)$	$var_i = \sqrt{(VA_i)^2 - W_i^2}$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma var = var_1 + var_3$	$PF_i = \frac{W_i}{VA_i}$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma PF = \frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA}$	$\phi_i = \cos^{-1}(\frac{W_i}{VA_i})$ $i = 1, 3$ $\Sigma \phi = \cos^{-1}(\frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA})$
	3-phase, 3-wire (3 voltages, 3 currents) W_i $i = 1, 2, 3$ (W2 does not have a physical meaning.) $\Sigma W = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$	$VA_i = V_i \times A_i$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma VA = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} (VA_1 + VA_2 + VA_3)$	$var_i = \sqrt{(VA_i)^2 - W_i^2}$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma var = var_1 + var_2 + var_3$	$PF_i = \frac{W_i}{VA_i}$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma PF = \frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA}$	$\phi_i = \cos^{-1}(\frac{W_i}{VA_i})$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma \phi = \cos^{-1}(\frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA})$
	3-phase, 4-wire W_i $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma W = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$	$VA_i = V_i \times A_i$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma VA = VA_1 + VA_2 + VA_3$	$var_i = \sqrt{(VA_i)^2 - W_i^2}$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma var = var_1 + var_2 + var_3$	$PF_i = \frac{W_i}{VA_i}$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma PF = \frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA}$	$\phi_i = \cos^{-1}(\frac{W_i}{VA_i})$ $i = 1, 2, 3$ $\Sigma \phi = \cos^{-1}(\frac{\Sigma W}{\Sigma VA})$
Calculation range	The rated value depends upon the V and A ranges.	The rated value depends upon the V and A ranges.	Same as the apparent power (var > 0)	-1 to 0 to 1 LEAD 180 to 0 LAG 180 to 0 to 360	
Maximum display or display resolution	50000	50000	50000	±1.0000	0.01
Calculation accuracy (with respect to the calculation value from the measurement value)	—	±0.001% of the rated value (VA)	±0.001% of the rated value (VA)	±0.0001	±0.005° with respect to the calculation from the power factor

- Notes**
- The apparent power (VA), reactive power (var), power factor (PF), and phase angle (deg) measurement in this instrument are computed digitally from the voltage, current and active power. If the input is non-sinusoidal, the measured values may differ from those obtained with instruments employing different measurement principles.
 - When the Current or Voltage value is less than 0.3% of range, the VA and var will be displayed 0, and PF/deg will be displayed as Error.
 - Regarding the detected accuracy of the Lead and Lag, both voltage and current of the rated input are specified at 50% or more for sinusoidal waveforms set at crest factor 3. The detected Lead/Lag accuracy is ±5 degree over the frequency range 20 Hz to 10 kHz.
 - When the phase angle display shows an angle smaller than 5 degree at 0° and 180°, the accuracy is not specified.
 - If the scaling values set for each element differ from each other in the case of Σ computation, the number of display digits will be limited so that Σ value does not exceed 30000 (crest factor: 3) of 10000 (crest factor: 6) when the rated value is input to each corresponding element. A voltage of 5 V (full scale) will be output from the D/A converter as the Σ value obtained when the rated value is input to each corresponding element.
 - In a Σ var calculation, the var value of each phase is calculated as a negatively signed value when the phase of the current input is advanced with respect to the voltage input, and is calculated as a positively signed value when the phase is lagging.

Integration Functions

Maximum display:	500000 According to the displayed value, the resolution will be changed.
Frequency range:	DC to 50 kHz
Modes:	Standard Integration Mode (timer mode) Continuous Integration Mode (repeat mode) Manual Integration Mode
Timer:	When the timer is set, Integration will be stopped automatically. Setting range: 000 h: 00min to 999 h: 59 min (000 h: 00min will be shown when manual integration mode is selected.)
Display:	Display A shows: Elapsed time Display B/C shows: Watt Display D shows: Watt, Wh, Ah, Hz
Output:	For the output of the printer, communication and D/A, fourteen free selectable items from the above can be set. However, only the measured data of the frequency which has been previously set will be output. If integration count overflows the maximum displayable value, integration stops and the elapsed time is held on the display. The integration time can be controlled REAL TIME.
Count Overflow:	Accuracy: ±(display accuracy + 0.05% of rdg) Remote Control: ±0.005% Start, stop and reset can be remotely controlled by external contact signals.

Communication Functions

Communication Specifications (GP-IB & RS-232-C)	
GP-IB	Electrical and mechanical specifications: EEE Std 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987) Functional specifications: SH1, AH1, T5, L4, SR1, RL1, PR0, DC1, DT1, C0 Protocol: IEEE Std 488.2-1987 Code used: ISO (ASCII) code Address: 0 to 30 talker/listener addresses can be set.
RS-232-C	Transmission mode: Start Stop Synchronization Baud Rate: 75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 bps

External Control

Signal:	EXT-HOLD, EXT-TRIG, EXT-PRINT, EXT-START, EXT-STOP, EXT-RESET, INTEG-BUSY, FLICKER-BUSY
Input:	TTL level negative pulses

Printer (optional)

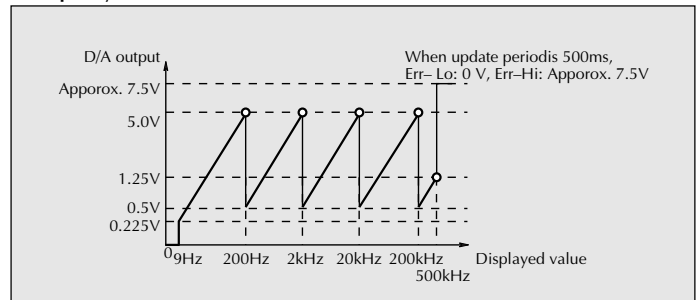
Contents of printing	For normal measurement: Printing of numerical values - All items (Can be set freely, however is set in common with the communication output.)
For harmonic analysis function (optional):	Printing of numerical values - V, A, W, VA, var, PF, deg Bar graphs - V, A, W, deg
For flicker measurement function (optional):	At end of 1 observation period - dc, dmax, d(t) 200 ms, Pst and evaluation criteria, evaluation results and total accuracy function (CPF) graph for each parameter At end of all observation periods - Plt, Overall evaluation Thermal line dot printing
Printing method:	

D/A Output (optional)

Number of outputs:	14 items (can be set for each channel)
Resolution:	12 bits
Accuracy:	±(display accuracy + 0.2% of mg)
Output voltage:	±5 V FS with respect to each rated value (max. approx. ±7.5 V)
Maximum output current:	±1 mA
Temperature coefficient:	±0.05% of mg/°C
Update rate:	Same as update rate of main unit

Output type

• Frequency

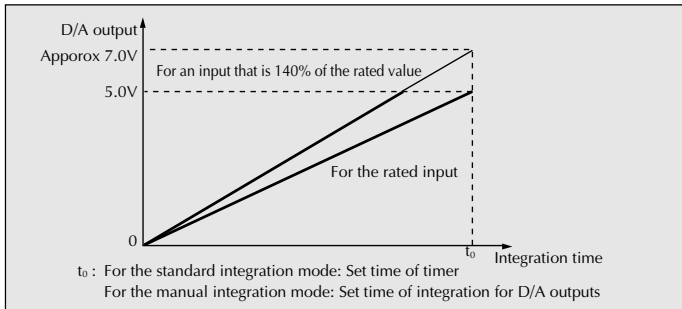


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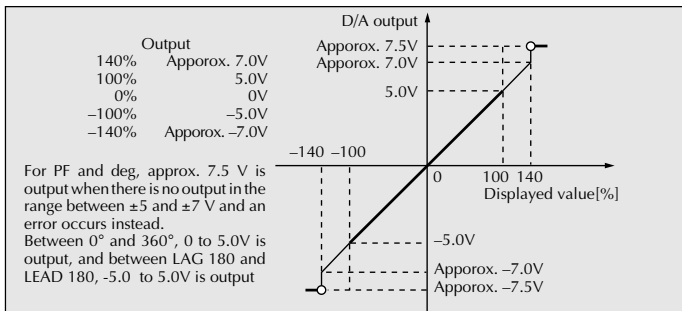


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• Integration



• Other items



Harmonic Analysis Function (optional)

Type: PLL sync method
Measurement frequency: The fundamental frequency range is 10 Hz to 440 Hz.
Display resolution: 50000
Harmonics to be measured: Steady-state and fluctuating harmonics
Analysis items: Each harmonic level of V, A, W and deg, RMS voltage, RMS current, active power, VA, var, PF and deg of fundamental wave, ΣV , ΣA , ΣW harmonic distortion, each harmonic content, fundamental wave voltage, current, phase angle, phase angle between each harmonic and the fundamental wave
Sampling rate/window width/analysis order: Depends on the input frequency as follows when the PLL sync method is used.

Fundamental Frequency	Sampling Frequency [Hz]	Window Width with Respect to FFT Data Length (Number Fundamental)					Maximum Analysis Order
		8192	4096	2048	1024	512	
$10 \leq f < 20$	$f \times 2048$	4	2	1	-	-	50 (50)*
$20 \leq f < 40$	$f \times 1024$	8	4	2	1	-	50 (50)*
$40 \leq f < 70$	$f \times 512$	16	8	4	2	1	50 (50)*
$70 \leq f < 130$	$f \times 256$	32	16	8	4	2	50 (25)*
$130 \leq f < 250$	$f \times 128$	64	32	16	8	4	50 (13)*
$250 \leq f \leq 440$	$f \times 64$	128	64	32	16	8	25 (9)*

* () indicates Anti-aliasing filter is ON.

FFT processing word length: 32 bits
Window function: Rectangular
Data acquisition operation: Exponentially, no dead time
Averaging: Exponential average for time constant of 1.5 seconds (when the fundamental frequency is 50/60 Hz)
Display update period: 250, 500 ms/2 s
Anti-aliasing filter: At fundamental frequency of 50/60 Hz, the aliasing up to the 40th analysis order is -50 dB or better (when the line filter is ON and the cutoff frequency is 5.5 kHz).
As follows when the crest factor = 3
When the anti-aliasing filter is ON

Accuracy:

Voltage/current
10 Hz $\leq f < 40$ Hz
 $\pm(1\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.3\% \text{ of mg})$
40 Hz $\leq f \leq 500$ Hz
 $\pm(1\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.05\% \text{ of range})$
500 Hz $< f \leq 2.5$ kHz
 $\pm(2\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.05\% \text{ of range})$
2.5 kHz $< f \leq 3.5$ kHz
 $\pm(5\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.2\% \text{ of range})$
When the anti-aliasing filter is OFF
Same as for normal measurement (Temperature : $23 \pm 5^\circ$)
• When the data length is 1024 or less or the fundamental frequency is less than 40 Hz, add range error $\times 3$.
• The above accuracy is stipulated when the input for each analysis order is no more than 110% of the rated value. If the input range exceeds 110%, add range error $\times 2$.
• When the crest factor is 6, range error is twice to the above crest factor = 3 accuracy.
• The input range is the range in which the "peak overload display LED" does not light.
(within about $\pm 350\%$ of the measurement range)
However, it must be within the maximum allowable input range.

Active power
10 Hz $\leq f < 40$ Hz
 $\pm(3\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.5\% \text{ of mg})$
40 Hz $\leq f \leq 500$ Hz
 $\pm(2\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.01\% \text{ of range})$
 $\text{COS}\phi = 1$

Phase angle
10 Hz $\leq f < 40$ Hz
 $\pm 15^\circ$
40 Hz $\leq f \leq 2.5$ kHz
 $\pm 10^\circ$
2.5 kHz $< f \leq 3.5$ kHz
 $\pm 15^\circ$

Flicker Measurement (optional)

Measurement items: dc Relative steady-state voltage change
dmax Maximum relative voltage change
 $d(t)_{200ms}$ Term within the voltage change during which the threshold level is exceeded
Regarding the above items, the maximum value is displayed within 1 observation term
Pst Short-term flicker indicator
Plt Long-term flicker indicator
Pst, Plt
Flicker scale: 0.01 to 6400 PU (20%) is divided logarithmically into 1024 parts.
30 seconds to 15 minutes
1 observation term: 1 to 99
Number of observation term: 2 seconds (dc, dmax, $d(t)_{200ms}$)
Display update: At the end of each observation (Pst)
The relative voltage change can be set between 0.10 and 9.99% (0.01% steps).
See the printer item.
Printer output: Half-wave RMS value: $\pm 0.1\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.1\% \text{ of mg}$ (45 Hz $\leq f \leq 66$ Hz)
Accuracy: In accordance with IEC1000-3-3.
dc, dmax, $d(t)_{200ms}$: $\pm 5\%$ when Pst = 1
Pst, Plt: The above accuracy applies to the following conditions.
• After warm-up of at least 2 hours.
• Subsequent ambient temperature change is no more than $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$.
• The input voltage is 50 to 110% of the range rating.

General Specifications

EMI standard: EN 55011 Group 1 class A
EMS standard: EN 50082-2: 1995
Safety Standard: EN61010-1
Over Voltage Category II
Pollution degree 2
Operating altitude: 2000m or below
Working temperature range: 5 to 40°C
Storage temperature: -25 to 60°C
Working humidity range: 20 to 80% RH (no condensation)
Warmup time: Approx. 30 minutes
Insulation resistance: At least 50 M Ω at 500 V DC
(between each input terminal and case, between each input terminal, between each input terminal and power plug, between case and power plug)
Withstand voltage: 3700 V AC 50/60 Hz for one minute
(between each input terminal, between each input terminal and power plug)
2200 V AC 50/60 Hz for one minute
(between each input terminal, and case)
1500 V AC 50/60 Hz for one minute
(between case and power plug)
Power supply:

Setting	Allowable Voltage range	Frequency
100 V	90 to 110 V	48 to 63 Hz
115 V	100 to 132 V	48 to 63 Hz
200 V	180 to 220 V	48 to 63 Hz
230 V	198 to 284 V	48 to 63 Hz

120 VA max.
Power consumption: Approx. ± 30 seconds in one month
Accuracy of internal clock: Sweep test 2-way sweep from 8 to 150 Hz in all 3 directions for 1 minute each
Vibration conditions: Durability test Frequency 16.7 Hz, amplitude of 4 mm in all 3 directions for 2 hours each
Impact conditions: Impact test Acceleration 490 m/s², in all 3 directions
Durability test Free-fall test Height 100 mm, once on each of 4 sides
External dimensions: Approx. 426 (W) \times 132 (H) \times 400 (D) mm
Mass: Approx. 13 kg (3-phase 4-line model),
Approx. 10 kg (single phase model)

Standard Accessories

Power cord: UL/CSA, VDE, SAA or BS standard \times 1 pcs.
Fuse: 250 V/1.25 A (for 100/115 V) or 0.63 A (for 200/230 V) \times 2 pcs. (1 pcs. is attached to the inside fuse holder)
Remote control connector: A1005JD \times one
External shunt input connector cable: **B9284LK** One for each element
Printer paper (when /B5 is added): **B9293UA** 2 rolls
Rubber feet: **A9088ZM** 1pair

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AVAILABLE MODELS

Model	Suffix codes	Description
253101		WT2010, 1-input element model
253102		WT2030, 2-input elements model
253103		WT2030, 3-input elements model
Interface	-C1	GP-IB
	-C2	RS-232-C
Supply voltage	-1	100 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	-3	115 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	-5	200 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	-7	230 V AC (50/60 Hz)
Power cord	-D	UL/CSA standard
	-F	VDE standard
	-R	AS standard
	-J	BS standard
Additional specifications	/B5	Built-in printer
	/HRM	Harmonic analysis function
	/DA	D/A output (14 channels)
	/FL	Flicker measurement function

● Wiring Method and Model Type Number

Wiring	Model	253101	253102	253103
Single phase 2-wire type		O	O	O
Single phase 3-wire type		—	O	O
3-phase, 3-wire type (2 voltages, 2 currents)		—	O	O
3-phase, 3-wire type (3 voltages, 3 currents)		—	—	O
3-phase, 4-wire type		—	—	O

● Accessories (optional)

Part Name	Model of Part Number	Description	Order Q'ty
Rack mounting kit	751535-E3	For EIA	1
Rack mounting kit	751535-J3	For JIS	1
Printer paper	B9293UA	58 mm wide, 10 m (1 roll units)	10
External shunt connector	B9284LK	50 cm for external input	1

DIMENSIONS

Unit: mm (inch)

